For the year 1950, Ontario with 42·5 p.c. of the registrations of motor-vehicles in Canada had 54·1 p.c. of the total convictions for breaches of traffic regulations; Quebec in the same year had 16·7 p.c. of the motor-vehicles and 24·3 p.c. of the convictions. In interpreting the figures in this way, however, it should be pointed out that traffic regulations are by no means uniform throughout Canada and no account is taken of the differences in the degrees of urbanization in the provinces. The above two provinces have large urban centres, while in provinces with lower degrees of urbanization such as the Maritimes, Saskatchewan and Alberta, convictions are lower when considered in proportion to the number of motor-vehicles registered.

Convictions for Drunkenness and Offences against the Liquor Acts.—In considering Table 18, it should be noted that the same person may and often does appear before the courts on such charges more than once within a year and that the number of convictions may thus be well above the number of persons convicted.

## 18.—Convictions for Drunkenness, by Provinces, Years Ended Sept. 30, 1941-50 (Exclusive of Newfoundland)

Note.—Figures for 1900-40 are given in the corresponding tables of previous Year Books beginning with the 1933 edition.

Year	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Yukon	N.W.T.	Canada
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949	332 395 612 1,478 1,187 969	3,654 4,387 2,380 2,068 3,064 4,754 4,907 4,151 4,363 3,931	3,332 4,217 3,489 4,292 4,158 7,754 6,584 4,900 5,125 4,980	8,292 10,400 10,363 8,843 10,336 7,167 11,006 11,015 10,419 10,942	17,831 17,622 17,482 17,258 19,573 29,698 31,218 63,446 33,797 35,356	1,472 1,580 1,885 1,451 2,040 2,685 2,510 2,829 3,613 2,984	591 570 778 864 1,010 1,847 1,802 1,392 1,497 1,503	1.353 1,393 1,462 1,539 1,515 2,596 2,632 2,580 4,656 3,849	2,871 3,964 4,055 4,744 4,342 5,974 8,801 9,135 11,237 11,180	23 43 51 54 85 85 184 101 126 240	44 19 15 13 10 38 37 24 9 63	40,002 44,801 42,292 41,521 46,745 64,076 70,868 70,542 75,931 75,935

There is general interest in the relation of alcoholism to crime but when examining statistics to support the assumption that some crimes are associated with the consumption of liquor it should be observed that accurate interpretation would necessitate allowance for population variables such as age and sex distribution and other classifications according to social and economic status, etc.

## 19.—Convictions for Offences against the Liquor Acts, by Provinces, Years Ended Sept. 30, 1941-50

(Exclusive of Newfoundland)

Note.—Figures for 1900-40 are given in the corresponding tables of previous Year Books beginning with the 1933 edition.

	1				1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	i .	ī		1	1	1	<u> </u>
Year	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Yukon	N.W.T.	Canada
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948	56 155 374 354 329	1,273 1,323 1,369 2,240 2,324 3,436 2,503 2,274	431 477 473 814 911 1,411 1,742 1,274	3,206 3,037 2,070 1,287 2,626 2,274 1,494 1,519	6,346 6,901 6,751 8,332 10,655 15,779 12,889	624 1,130 1,086 1,057 1,429 2,059 2,229 1,921	894 982 1,099 1,010 1,416 2,697 2,712 2,311	1,298 1,294 1,106 1,108 1,454 2,514 2,623 2,670	994 1,508 944 1,047 1,215 2,615 1,741 1,443	25 24 47 119 39 57 46 39	28 34 36 23 13 146 153 73	15,369 16,898 15,099 17,093 22,237 33,362 28,486 27,744
1950	268	2,053 2,192	1,278 1,172	1,969 3,121	14,339 15,761	1,574 1,980	2,418 2,478	3,081 3,504	1,098 1,164	64	10 34	28,259 31,738